

Access switches,
industrial switches

MES14xx, MES24xx, MES3708P

**MES Ethernet switches monitoring and configuration via SNMP,
firmware version 10.2.3**

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SYMBOLS

Symbol	Description
[]	Square brackets are used to indicate optional parameters in the command line; when entered, they provide additional options.
{ }	In the command line, mandatory parameters are shown in curly braces.
«,» «-»	In the command description, these characters are used to define ranges.
« »	In the command description, this character means 'or'.
«/»	This sign separates possible and default values when specifying variable values.
<i>Calibri Italic</i>	Calibri Italic is used to indicate variables and parameters that should be replaced with an appropriate word or string.
<i>Bold</i>	Notes and warnings are shown in semibold italic.
<<i>Bold Italic</i>>	Keyboard keys are shown in bold italic within angle brackets.
Courier New	Command examples are shown in Courier New Bold.

Notes and Warnings



Notes contain important information, tips, or recommendations on device operation and configuration.



Warnings inform the user about situations that may be harmful to the user, cause damage to the device, malfunction or data loss.

1 SNMP SERVER AND SNMP-TRAP SENDING CONFIGURATION

SNMPv2 server configuration

```
snmp user ReadUser
snmp user WriteUser
snmp group ReadGroup user ReadUser security-model v2c
snmp group WriteGroup user WriteUser security-model v2c
snmp access ReadGroup v2c read iso
snmp access WriteGroup v2c read iso write iso
snmp community index 1 name private security WriteUser
snmp community index 2 name public security ReadUser
snmp view iso 1 included
```

Trap SNMPv2 configuration

```
snmp TrapUser
snmp group TrapGroup user TrapUser security-model v2c
snmp access TrapGroup v2c notify iso
snmp community index 1 name Traps security TrapUser
snmp view iso 1 included
snmp targetparams TrapParams user TrapUser security-model v2c message-processing v2c
snmp notify TrapNotify tag TrapTag type trap
snmp targetaddr FirstHost param TrapParams 192.168.1.1 taglist TrapTag
```

SNMPv3 server configuration

```
snmp user UserNoAuthNoPriv
snmp user UserAuthNoPriv auth md5 PasswordAuthMD5
snmp user UserAuthPriv auth sha PasswordAuthSHA priv DES PasswordPrivDES
snmp group GroupNoAuthNoPriv user UserNoAuthNoPriv security-model v3
snmp group GroupAuthNoPriv user UserAuthNoPriv security-model v3
snmp group GroupAuthPriv user UserAuthPriv security-model v3
snmp access GroupNoAuthNoPriv v3 noauth read iso write iso notify iso
snmp access GroupAuthNoPriv v3 auth read iso write iso notify iso
snmp access GroupAuthPriv v3 priv read iso write iso notify iso
snmp view iso 1 included
```

Trap SNMPv3 configuration

```
snmp user TrapUserNoAuthNoPriv
snmp user TrapUserAuthNoPriv auth md5 PasswordAuthMD5
snmp user TrapUserAuthPriv auth sha PasswordAuthSHA priv DES PasswordPrivDES
snmp group GroupNoAuthNoPriv user TrapUserNoAuthNoPriv security-model v3
snmp group GroupAuthNoPriv user TrapUserAuthNoPriv security-model v3
snmp group GroupAuthPriv user TrapUserAuthPriv security-model v3
snmp access GroupNoAuthNoPriv v3 noauth notify iso
snmp access GroupAuthNoPriv v3 auth notify iso
snmp access GroupAuthPriv v3 priv notify iso
snmp view iso 1 included
```

```
snmp targetparams ParamsTrapUserNoAuthNoPriv user TrapUserNoAuthNoPriv security-model v3 noauth message-processing v3
snmp targetparams ParamsTrapUserAuthNoPriv user TrapUserAuthNoPriv security-model v3 auth message-processing v3
snmp targetparams ParamsTrapUserAuthPriv user TrapUserAuthPriv security-model v3 priv message-processing v3
snmp notify NotifyNoAuthNoPriv tag TagNoAuthNoPriv type trap
snmp notify NotifyAuthNoPriv tag TagAuthNoPriv type trap
snmp notify NotifyAuthPriv tag TagAuthPriv type trap
snmp targetaddr HostNoAuthNoPriv param ParamsTrapUserNoAuthNoPriv 10.0.0.1 taglist TagNoAuthNoPriv
snmp targetaddr HostAuthNoPriv param ParamsTrapUserAuthNoPriv 10.0.0.2 taglist TagAuthNoPriv
snmp targetaddr HostAuthPriv param ParamsTrapUserAuthPriv 10.0.0.3 taglist TagAuthPriv
```

2 SHORT DESCRIPTIONS

- **ifIndex** — port index;

May take the following values:

1. Access switches

Switch model	Indexes
MES1428	- indexes 1-28 — GigabitEthernet 0/1-28;
MES2428	- indexes 64-72 — Port-Channel 1-8.
MES2408	- indexes 1-8 — GigabitEthernet 0/1-8; - indexes 64-72 — Port-Channel 1-8.
MES3708P	- indexes 1-10 — GigabitEthernet 0/1-10; - indexes 64-72 — Port-Channel 1-8.

- **index-l3** — L3 interface index. It is possible to create up to eight L3 interfaces on MES14xx/MES24x/MES3708P devices. When creating L3 interface via CLI, indexes are assigned in order starting from 74. It is recommended to assign indexes for L3 interfaces within 74-81. Index 73 is always L3 interface of vlan 1.
- **IP address** — IP address for switch management;
In the examples given in the document the following IP address is used for management: **192.168.1.30**;
- **ip address of tftp server** — TFTP server IP address;
In the examples given in the document the following TFTP server IP address is used: **192.168.1.1**;
- **community** — community string (password) for the access via SNMP.

In the examples given in the document the following *community* are used:

private — rights for recording (rw);
public — rights for reading (ro).

3 FILE OPERATIONS

3.1 Operation with SFTP, TFTP servers

Copying the configuration from the volatile memory to TFTP, SFTP server

MIB: fsiss.mib

Tables used: issRunConfig — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.1.0 i {tftp(1), sftp(2)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.2.0 i {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2), ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4),
dns(16)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.3.0 d "IP-address" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.4.0 s "UsernameSFTP" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.5.0 s "PasswordSFTP" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.6.0 s "FileName" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.10.0 i {true(1), false(2)}
```

Example of copying from startup-config to TFTP server

CLI command:

```
copy startup-config tftp://192.168.1.1/MES-config.cfg
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private -Ln 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.1.0 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.2.0 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.3.0 d 1 192.168.1.1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.6.0 s "Mes-config.cfg" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.10.0 i 1
```

Example of copying from startup-config to SFTP server

CLI command:

```
copy startup-config sftp://UsernameSFTP:PasswordSFTP@192.168.1.1/MES-config.cfg
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private -Ln 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.1.0 i 2 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.2.0 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.3.0 d 192.168.1.1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.4.0 s "UsernameSFTP" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.5.0 s "PasswordSFTP" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.6.0 s "Mes-config.cfg" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.10.0 i 1
```

Copying of configuration to the volatile memory from TFTP, SFTP servers

MIB: fsiss.mib

Tables used: issSystem — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.61.0 i {tftp(1), sftp(2)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.15.0 i {noRestore (1), restore (2)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.16.0 d IP-address \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.62.0 s "UsernameSFTP" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.63.0 s "PasswordSFTP" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.17.0 s "FileName" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.18.0 i {true(1), false(2)}
```

Example of copying from a TFTP server to startup-config**CLI command:**

```
copy tftp://192.168.1.1/MES-config.cfg startup-config
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private -Ln 3 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.61.0 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.15.0 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.16.0 a 192.168.1.1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.17.0 s "Mes-config.cfg" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.18.0 i 1
```

Example of copying from a SFTP server to startup-config**CLI command:**

```
copy sftp://UsernameSFTP:PasswordSFTP@192.168.1.1/MES-config.cfg startup-config
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private -Ln 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.61.0 i 2 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.15.0 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.16.0 a 192.168.1.1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.62.0 s "UsernameSFTP" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.63.0 s "PasswordSFTP" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.17.0 s "Mes-config.cfg" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.18.0 i 1
```

Copying the configuration from the non-volatile memory to TFTP, SFTP server**MIB:** fsiss.mib**Tables used:** issRunConfig — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.1.0 i {tftp(1), sftp(2)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.2.0 i {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2), ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4),
dns(16)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.3.0 d "IP-address" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.4.0 s "UsernameSFTP" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.5.0 s "PasswordSFTP" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.6.0 s "FileName" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.9.0 i {true(1), false(2)}
```

Example of copying from running-config to TFTP server**CLI command:**

```
copy running-config tftp://192.168.1.1/MES-config.cfg
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private -Ln 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.1.0 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.2.0 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.3.0 d 192.168.1.1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.6.0 s "Mes-config.cfg" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.9.0 i 1
```

Example of copying from running-config to SFTP server

CLI command:

```
copy running-config sftp://UsernameSFTP:PasswordSFTP@192.168.1.1/MES-config.cfg
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private -Ln 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.1.0 i 2 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.2.0 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.3.0 d 192.168.1.1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.4.0 s "UsernameSFTP" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.5.0 s "PasswordSFTP" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.6.0 s "Mes-config.cfg" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.9.0 i 1
```

Copying of configuration to the non-volatile memory from TFTP, SFTP servers

MIB: fsiss.mib

Tables used: issRunConfig — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.1.0 i {tftp(1), sftp(2)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.2.0 i {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2), ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4),
dns(16)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.3.0 d IP-address \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.4.0 s "UsernameSFTP" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.5.0 s "PasswordSFTP" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.6.0 s "FileName" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.7.0 i {true(1), false(2)}
```

Example of copying from a TFTP server to running-config

CLI command:

```
copy tftp://192.168.1.1/MES-config.cfg running-config
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private -Ln 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.1.0 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.2.0 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.3.0 d 192.168.1.1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.6.0 s "Mes-config.cfg" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.7.0 i 1
```

Example of copying from a SFTP server to running-config

CLI command:

```
copy sftp://UsernameSFTP:PasswordSFTP@192.168.1.1/MES-config.cfg running-config
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private -Ln 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.1.0 i 2 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.2.0 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.3.0 a 192.168.1.1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.4.0 s "UsernameSFTP" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.5.0 s "PasswordSFTP" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.6.0 s "Mes-config.cfg" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.7.0 i 1
```

Viewing copy status in non-volatile memory**MIB:** fsiss.mib**Tables used:** issSystem — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.19.0
```

Viewing copy status in startup-config

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.19.0
```

**Possible states:**

- restoreInProgress (1) — copying is in progress**
- restoreSuccessful (2) — copying has been completed successfully**
- restoreFailed (3) — an error occurred during the copy**
- notInitiated (4) — copying was not initiated**

Viewing copy status in volatile memory**MIB:** fsiss.mib**Tables used:** issRunConfig — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.8
```

Viewing copy status in running-config

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.19.8
```

**Possible states:**

- restoreInProgress (1) — copying is in progress**
- restoreSuccessful (2) — copying has been completed successfully**
- restoreFailed (3) — an error occurred during the copy**
- notInitiated (4) — copying was not initiated**

3.2 Switch autoconfiguration**Enable/Disable auto-configuration on the switch****MIB:** fsiss.mib**Tables used:** issZtpConfigStatus — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.18.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.18.1.0 i {enable(1), disable(2)}
```

Example of enabling auto-configuration

CLI command:

ZTP enable

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.18.1 i 1
```

Viewing the auto-configuration status on the switch

MIB: fsiss.mib

Tables used: issZtp — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.18

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.18.2.0
```

Example of viewing the auto-configuration status

CLI command:

```
show ztp status
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.18.2.0
```



Possible states:

- notstarted(1) — autoconfiguration was not started**
- complatestate (5) — autoconfiguration is completed**
- erroredstate (6) — autoconfiguration error**

3.3 Firmware update

View active firmware version

MIB: fsiss.mib

Tables used: issSystem — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.3.0
```

View active firmware version

CLI command:

```
show bootvar
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.3.0
```

Firmware update

MIB: fsiss.mib

Tables used: issSystem — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.55.0 i {tftp(1), sftp(2)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.83.0 i {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2), ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4),
dns(16)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.84.0 d IP-address \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.56.0 s "UsernameSFTP" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.57.0 s "PasswordSFTP" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.121.0 i {firmware(1), bootloader(2)} \
```

```
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.21.0 s "filename" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.22 i {true(1), false(2)}
```

Example of firmware update via TFTP

CLI command:

```
copy tftp://192.168.1.1/mes2400-10.1.9-R3.iss image
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.55.0 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.84.0 d 192.168.1.1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.121.0 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.21.0 s "mes2400-10.1.9-R3.iss" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.22.0 i 1
```

Example of bootloader update via SFTP

CLI command:

```
copy sftp://user:password@192.168.1.1/mes2400-10.1.9-R3.boot boot
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.55.0 i 2 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.56.0 s "UsernameTFTP" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.57.0 s "PasswordSFTP" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.84.0 d 192.168.1.1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.121.0 i 2 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.21.0 s "mes2400-10.1.9-R3.boot" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.22.0 i 1
```

4 SYSTEM MANAGEMENT

4.1 System resources

View device uptime

MIB: SNMPv2-MIB

Tables used: sysUpTime — 1.3.6.1.2.1.1.3

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.1.3.0
```

Example of viewing device uptime

CLI command:

```
show system information
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.1.3.0
```

View device System Description

MIB: SNMPv2-MIB

Tables used: system — 1.3.6.1.2.1.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.1.1.0
```

Example of viewing device sysDescr

CLI command:

```
show system information
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.1.1.0
```

CPU load monitoring

MIB: ELTEX-MES-ISS-CPU-UTIL-MIB.mib

Tables used: eltMesIssCpuUtilGlobalStat — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.6.1.1.2

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.6.1.1.2.{5 seconds(1), 1 minute(2), 5 minutes(3)}.0
```

CPU load monitoring example

CLI command:

```
show env cpu
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.6.1.1.2.1.0
```

Process load monitoring

MIB: ELTEX-MES-ISS-CPU-UTIL-MIB.mib

Tables used: eltMesIssCpuUtilTaskStatTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.6.1.2.2.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.6.1.2.2.1.1.{5 seconds(3), 1 minute(4), 5
minutes(5)}.{task-id}
```

CPU load monitoring example

CLI command:

```
show env tascs
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.6.1.2.2.1.1.3.30
```



Binding indexes to processes:

TMR#(1)

LOGF(2)

PKTT(3)

VcmT(4)

SMT(5)

CFA(6)

IPDB(7)

L2DS(8)

BOXF(9)

ERRD(10)

ELMT(11)

EOAT(12)

FMGT(13)

AstT(14)

PIf(15)

LaTT(16)

CMNT(17)

VLAN(18)

FDBP(19)

SnpT(20)

QOS(21)

SMGT(22)

CPUU(23)

RT6(24)

IP6(25)

PNG6(26)

RTM(27)

IPFW(28)

UDP(29)

ARP(30)

PNG(31)

SLT(32)

SAT(33)

TCP(34)

RAD(35)

TACT(36)

DHRL(37)

DHC(38)
DCS(39)
PIA(40)
L2SN(41)
CLIC(42)
CTS(43)
SSH(44)
LLDP(45)
LDB(46)
SNT(47)
STOC(48)
HWPK(49)
MSR(50)
C267(51)

RAM load monitoring

MIB: fsiss.mib

Tables used: issSystem — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.73.0
```

RAM load monitoring example

CLI command:

```
show env RAM
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.73.0
```

FLASH load monitoring

MIB: fsiss.mib

Tables used: issSystem — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.75.0
```

FLASH load monitoring example

CLI command:

```
show env flash
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.75.0
```

View number of MAC addresses in VLAN

MIB: Q-BRIDGE-MIB

Tables used: dot1qFdbEntry — 1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.2.1.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.2.1.1.2.{vlan}
```

Example of viewing the number of MAC addresses in vlan 5**CLI command:**

show mac-ad

SNMP command:snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.2.1.1.2.5**View switch serial number****MIB:** fsiss.mib**Tables used:** issSystem — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.120.0**Example of viewing switch serial number****CLI command:**

show system information

SNMP command:snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.120.0**View hardware version****MIB:** fsiss.mib**Tables used:** issSystem — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.2.0**Example of viewing hardware version****CLI command:**

show system information

SNMP command:snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.2.0**View system MAC address of the switch****MIB:** fsiss.mib**Tables used:** issSystem — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.32.0**Example of viewing system MAC address of the switch****CLI command:**

show nvram

SNMP command:snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.32.0

[View port Uptime](#)

MIB: SNMPv2-MIB, IF-MIB

Tables used: sysUpTime — 1.3.6.1.2.1.1.3, ifEntry — 1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.1.3
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.9.{ifindex}
```

Example: View GigabitEthernet 0/2 port Uptime

CLI command:

```
show interface status GigabitEthernet 0/2
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.1.3
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.9.2
```



The output of the first command must be removed from the output of the second command. The obtained value will be the port uptime.

[View information about the firmware and bootloader version](#)

MIB: ELTEX-MES-ISS-SYSTEM-MIB.mib

Tables used: eltMesIssSysBootVarTable – 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1

Firmware version for the first and the second image

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.3.1.1.4.1
```

Bootloader version:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.3.1.1.4.2
```

Number of the first and the second image commit:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.3.1.1.5.1
```

Number of the bootloader commit:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.3.1.1.5.2
```

Number of the first and the second image build:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.3.1.1.6.1
```

Number of the first and the second image MD5 Digest:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.3.1.1.7.1
```

Number of the bootloader MD5 Digest¹:
 snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.3.1.1.7.2

Date and time of assembly of the first and the second image:
 snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.3.1.1.8.1

Date and time of assembly of the bootloader:
 snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.3.1.1.8.2

Example of viewing information about the bootloader version

CLI command:
show bootvar
SNMP command:
snmpwalk -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \ 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.3.1.1.4.2

4.2 Device management

Set/change hostname on the device

MIB: SNMPv2-MIB

Tables used: system — 1.3.6.1.2.1.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \  

1.3.6.1.2.1.1.5.0 s "{hostname}"
```

hostname "mes2428" assignment example

CLI command:
hostname mes2428
SNMP command:
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \ 1.3.6.1.2.1.1.5.0 s "mes2428"

Switch reboot

MIB: fsiss.mib

Tables used: issSystem — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \  

1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.9.0 i 1
```

Switch reboot example

CLI command:
reload
SNMP command:
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \ 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.9.0 i 1

¹ Only for MES2424

Switch reboot after a specified time

MIB: ELTEX-MES-ISS-SYSTEM-MIB.mib

Tables used: eltMesIssReloadParams — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.1.0 s "hhh:mm"
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.1.2.0 i 1
```

Example of switch reboot after 5 minutes

CLI command:

```
reload in 0 5
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.1.0 s "000:05" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.1.2.0 i 1
```

Switch reboot at a specified time

MIB: ELTEX-MES-ISS-SYSTEM-MIB.mib

Tables used: eltMesIssReloadParams — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.1.1.0 s "hh:mm:ss dd MM"
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.1.2.0 i 2
```

Example of switch reboot at 00:00:00 01 01

CLI command:

```
reload at 00:00:00 01 01
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.1.1.0 s "00:00:00 01 01" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.1.2.0 i 2
```

Cancelling the switch reboot at/after the specified time

MIB: ELTEX-MES-ISS-SYSTEM-MIB.mib

Tables used: eltMesIssReloadParams — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.2.0 i 3
```

Example of canceling the switch reboot at/after the specified time

CLI command:

```
reload cancel
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.18.1.1.2.0 i 3
```

Enable/disable sending snmp-trap about coldstart

MIB: fsiss.mib

Tables used: futuresnmp3 — 1.3.6.14.1.2076.112

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.112.11.0 i {enable(1), disable(2)}
```

Enable sending snmp-trap coldstart example

CLI command:

```
snmp enable traps coldstart
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.112.11.0 i 1
```

Enable/disable sending snmp-trap about warmstart

MIB: fsiss.mib

Tables used: eltMesIssSnmp3Globals — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.19.1.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.19.1.1.1.0 i {enable(1), disable(2)}
```

Enable sending snmp-trap warmstart example

CLI command:

```
snmp enable traps warmstart
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.19.1.1.1.0 i 1
```

5 SYSTEM TIME CONFIGURATION

Date and time configuration

MIB: fsiss.mib

Tables used: issSystem — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.34.0 s "hh:mm:ss dd MM YY"
```

Example of date configuration on the switch

CLI command:

```
clock set 00:00:00: 01 01 2020
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.1.34.0 s "00:00:00 01 01"
```

Configuration of date and time obtainment from SNTP server

MIB: fsclkiwf.mib

Tables used: fsClkIwfGeneralGroup — 1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.46.1.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.46.1.1.4.0 i 80
```

Example of date configuration on the switch

CLI command:

```
clock time source ntp
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.46.1.1.4.0 i 80
```

IPv4 SNTP server address configuration

MIB: fssntp.mib

Tables used: fsSntpUnicastServerEntry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1.8.1.4.{server IP-address} i {createAndWait 5(5)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1.3.1.4.{server IP-address} i {version 3(3), version
4(4)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1.4.1.4.{server IP-address} i {port} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1.5.1.4.{server IP-address} i {primary(1),
secondary(2)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1.8.1.4.{server IP-address} i {Active (1)}
```

Example of configuring IPv4 address of main SNTP server version 3

CLI command:

```
set sntp unicast-server ipv4 192.168.1.1 primary version 3
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1.8.1.4.192.168.1.1 i 5
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1.3.1.4.192.168.1.1 i 3 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1.4.1.4.192.168.1.1 i 123 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1.5.1.4.192.168.1.1 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1.8.1.4.192.168.1.1 i 1
```



The port field can take values 1025-36564. By default, the port number is 123.

IPv6 SNTP server address configuration

MIB: fssntp.mib

Tables used: fsSntpUnicastServerEntry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1.8.2.16.{server IP-address} i {createAndWait 5(5)}
\
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1.3.2.16.{server IP-address} i {version 3(3),
version 4(4)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1.4.2.16.{server IP-address} i {port} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1.5.2.16.{server IP-address} i {primary(1),
secondary(2)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1.8.2.16.{server IP-address} i {Active (1)}
```

Example of configuring IPv6 address of main SNTP server version 3

CLI command:

```
set sntp unicast-server ipv6 2001:db8::2 primary version 3
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1.8.2.16.32.1.13.184.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.2 i 5 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1.3.2.16.32.1.13.184.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.2 i 3 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1.4.2.16.32.1.13.184.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.2 i 123 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1.5.2.16.32.1.13.184.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.2 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.5.1.8.2.16.32.1.13.184.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.2 i 1
```



The port field can take values 1025-36564. By default, the port number is 123.

Daylight saving change configuration

MIB: fssntp.mib

Tables used: fsSntpScalars — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.1.12.0 s "weekofmonth-weekofday-mounth,HH:MM" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.1.13.0 s "weekofmonth-weekofday-mounth,HH:MM"
```

Example of daylight saving change configuration

CLI command:

```
set sntp client clock-summer-time second-thu-aug,00:00 second-thu-aug,01:00
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.1.12.0 s "second-thu-aug,00:00" \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.1.13.0 s "second-thu-aug,01:00"
```

Enable/disable SNTP client on the switch

MIB: fssntp.mib

Tables used: fsSntpScalars — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.1.3.0 i {enable(1), disable(0)}
```

Example of enabling an SNTP client on a switch

CLI command:

```
set sntp client enabled
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.1.3.0 i 1
```

Sntp timezone configuration

MIB: fssntp.mib

Tables used: fsSntpScalars — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.1.11.0 s "(+/-)HH:MM"
```

Example of sntp timezone configuration

CLI command:

```
set sntp client time-zone +07:00
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.1.11.0 s "+07:00"
```

Unicast SNTP requests sending interval configuration

MIB: fssntp.mib

Tables used: fsSntpUnicast — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.2.0 u {interval in seconds}
```

Example of the SNTP requests sending interval configuration

CLI command:

```
set sntp unicast-poll-interval 4096
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.2.0 u 4096
```



The interval can take values 16-16384 and should be the degree of two. For example, 16, 32, 64, etc.

Configuration of the maximum response time from the SNTP server

MIB: fssntp.mib

Tables used: fsSntpUnicast — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.3.0 u {1-30 seconds}
```

Example of configuring the SNTP server response waiting time

CLI command:

```
set sntp client unicast-max-poll-timeout 30
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.3.0 u 30
```

Configuration of the maximum number of attempts to connect to the SNTP server

MIB: fssntp.mib

Tables used: fsSntpUnicast — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.4.0 u {1-10}
```

Example of configuring the SNTP server response waiting time

CLI command:

```
set sntp client unicast-max-poll-retry 10
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.149.1.2.4.0 u 10
```

6 INTERFACE CONFIGURATION

6.1 Ethernet interface parameters

[View port Description](#)

MIB: IF-MIB

Tables used: ifXentry — 1.3.6.1.2.1.31.1.1.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.31.1.1.1.18.{ifIndex}
```

Example of viewing Description on GigabitEthernet 0/1 interface.

CLI command:

```
show interfaces description GigabitEthernet 0/1
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.31.1.1.1.18.1
```

[View speed on the interface](#)

MIB: IF-MIB

Tables used: ifXentry — 1.3.6.1.2.1.31.1.1.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.31.1.1.1.15.{ifindex}
```

Example: View GigabitEthernet 0/2 speed

CLI command:

```
show interface status GigabitEthernet 0/2
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.31.1.1.1.15.2
```

[View administrative state of the port](#)

MIB: IF-MIB

Tables used: ifEntry — 1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.7.{ifIndex}
```

Example: View GigabitEthernet 0/1 port status

CLI command:

```
show interfaces status GigabitEthernet 0/1
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.7.1
```



Possible options

up(1)

down(2)

testing(3)

Enable/disable configured interface**MIB:** IF-MIB**Tables used:** ifEntry — 1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.7.{ifIndex} i {up(1),down(2)}
```

Example of disabling GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface

CLI command:

```
interface GigabitEthernet 0/2
shutdown
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.7.2 i 2
```

*View operative state of the port***MIB:** IF-MIB**Tables used:** ifEntry — 1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.8.{ifIndex}
```

Example: View GigabitEthernet 0/1 port status

CLI command:

```
show interfaces status GigabitEthernet 0/1
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.8.1
```

*Possible options*

up(1)

down(2)

*View the counter of unicast packets on the interface***MIB:** IF-MIB**Tables used:** ifEntry — 1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.11.{ifIndex}
```

Example of viewing the counter of incoming unicast packets on GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface.

CLI command:

```
show interface counters GigabitEthernet 0/2
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.11.2
```

View the counter of multicast packets on the interface

MIB: IF-MIB

Tables used: ifXEntry — 1.3.6.1.2.1.31.1.1.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.31.1.1.1.2.{ifindex}
```

Example of viewing the counter of incoming multicast packets on GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface.

CLI command:

```
show interface counters GigabitEthernet 0/2
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.31.1.1.1.2.2
```

View the counter of broadcast packets on the interface

MIB: IF-MIB

Tables used: ifXEntry — 1.3.6.1.2.1.31.1.1.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.31.1.1.1.3.{ifindex}
```

Example of viewing the counter of incoming broadcast packets on GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface.

CLI command:

```
show interface counters GigabitEthernet 0/2
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.31.1.1.1.3.2
```

Viewing the octet counter on the interface

MIB: IF-MIB

Tables used: ifEntry — 1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.10.{ifindex}
```

Example of viewing the counter of received octets on GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface.

CLI command:

```
show interface counters GigabitEthernet 0/2
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.10.50
```



Octet is the number of bytes.

1 octet = 1 byte

View CRC Errors counter on the interface

MIB: EtherLike-MIB

Tables used: dot3StatsEntry — 1.3.6.1.2.1.10.7.2.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.10.7.2.1.2.{ifindex}
```

Example of viewing the counter of CRC Errors on GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface.

CLI command:

```
show interface GigabitEthernet 0/2
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.10.7.2.1.2.2
```

View Symbol Errors counter on the interface

MIB: EtherLike-MIB

Tables used: dot3StatsEntry — 1.3.6.1.2.1.10.7.2.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.10.7.2.1.18.{ifindex}
```

Example of viewing the counter of Symbol Errors on GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface.

CLI command:

```
show interface GigabitEthernet 0/2
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.10.7.2.1.18.2
```

Monitoring of incoming switch ports load

MIB: ELTEX-MES-ISS-MIB.mib

Tables used: eltMesIssQosMIB — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.5

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.5.1.5.1.1.{PPS(3), KBPPS(4)}.{ifindex}.{interval in seconds}
```

Example of viewing load on GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface.

CLI command:

```
show interface utilization GigabitEthernet 0/2
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.5.1.5.1.1.3.2.5
```

Monitoring of outgoing switch ports load

MIB: ELTEX-MES-ISS-MIB.mib

Tables used: eltMesIssQosMIB — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.5

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.5.1.5.1.1.{PPS(5), KBPPS(6)}.{ifindex}.{5 seconds(5), 1 minute (60), 5 minutes(300)}
```

Example of viewing outgoing load on GigabitEthernet 0/23 interface.

CLI command:

```
show interfaces GigabitEthernet 0/2
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.5.1.5.1.1.5.23.300
```

Speed autonegotiation configuration

MIB: fsiss.mib

Tables used: issPortCtrlEntry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.2.2.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.2.2.1.2.{ifindex} i {auto(1), {no negotiation(2)}}
```

Example of disabling autonegotiation on GigabitEthernet 0/1 interface.

CLI command:

```
no negotiation
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.2.2.1.2.1 i 2
```

Duplex mode configuration

MIB: fsiss.mib

Tables used: issPortCtrlEntry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.2.2.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.2.2.1.3.{ifindex} i {full(1), half(2)}
```

Example of enabling half duplex mode on GigabitEthernet 0/1 interface.

CLI command:

```
duplex half
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.2.2.1.3.1 i 2
```



Before configuring the duplex mode, you need to disable autonegotiation.

Interface speed configuration

MIB: fsiss.mib

Tables used: issPortCtrlEntry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.2.2.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.2.2.1.4.{ifindex} i {10M(1), 100M(2), 1G(3), 10G(4)}
```

Example of speed configuration on GigabitEthernet 0/1 interface

CLI command:

```
speed 100
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.2.2.1.4.1 i 2
```



Before configuring the speed, you need to disable autonegotiation.

Combo port mode configuration

MIB: ELTEX-MES-ISS-INTERFACES-MIB.mib

Tables used: eltMesIssPortCtrlTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.4.1.2.1.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.4.1.2.1.1.1.{ifindex} i {force-fiber(1), force-
copper(2), prefer-fiber(3)}
```

Example of GigabitEthernet 0/25 interface configuration

CLI command:

```
media-type force-copper
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.4.1.2.1.1.25 i 2
```

View list of ports united in port-channel

MIB: stdla.mib

Tables used: dot3adAggPortEntry — 1.2.840.10006.300.43.1.2.1.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.2.840.10006.300.43.1.2.1.1.4.{ifindex}
```

Example of viewing GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface membership in port-channel

CLI command:

```
show interfaces GigabitEthernet 0/2 etherchannel
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.2.840.10006.300.43.1.2.1.1.4.2
```

System MTU configuration:

MIB: ELTEX-MES-ISS-CFA-MIB.mib

Tables used: eltMesIssCfaGlobalMtu — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.20.1.1.1.0

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.20.1.1.1.0 i {mtu 128-12288}
```

Example of system MTU configuration

CLI command:

```
system mtu 9000
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.20.1.1.1.0 i 9000
```

Configuring MTU on the interface:¹

MIB: fscfa.mib

Tables used: ifMainTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4.1.3.{ifindex} i {mtu 128-12288}
```

Example of MTU configuration on GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface

CLI command:

```
system mtu 9000
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4.1.3.2 i 9000
```

6.2 VLAN configuration

Create/delete VLAN

MIB: Q-BRIDGE-MIB

Tables used: dot1qVlanStaticTable — 1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1.5.{vlan} i {create and wait(5), destroy(6), active(1),
notInService(2)} \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1.5.{vlan} i { create and wait(5), destroy(6),
active(1), notInService(2) }
```

Example of creating vlan 5 on a device

CLI command:

```
vlan 5
vlan active
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1.5.5 i 5 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1.5.5 i 1
```

Example of deleting vlan 5 on a device

CLI command:

```
no vlan 5
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1.5 i 6
```

Port mode configuration

MIB: fsiss.mib

Tables used: dot1qFutureVlanPortEntry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.65.1.10.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.65.1.10.1.2.{ifindex} i {access(1), trunk(2), general(3)}
```

¹ Only for MES2424

Example of GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface configuration to the mode**CLI command:**

switchport mode trunk

SNMP command:snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.65.1.10.1.2.2 i 2**Assign pvid to interface****MIB:** Q-BRIDGE-MIB.mib**Tables used:** dot1qPortVlanTable — 1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.5snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.5.1.1.{ifindex} u {1-4094}**Example of pvid 15 assignment for GigabitEthernet 0/2.****CLI command:**interface GigabitEthernet 0/2
switchport general pvid 15**SNMP command:**snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.5.1.1.2 u 15**Adding VLAN to port****MIB:** Q-BRIDGE-MIB.mib**Tables used:** dot1qVlanStaticEntry — 1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1.{tagged(2), forbidden(3), untagged(4)}.{Vlan} x {port
in form of bitmask}**Example of adding vlan 5 to GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface in tagged mode****CLI command:**interface GigabitEthernet 0/2
switchport mode general
switchport general allowed vlan add 5**SNMP command:**snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1.2.5 x 4000000000**Example of adding vlan 5 to GigabitEthernet 0/1 interface in untagged mode****CLI command:**interface GigabitEthernet 0/1
switchport mode general
switchport general allowed vlan add 5 untagged**SNMP command:**snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1.2.5 x 8000000000 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1.4.5 x 8000000000

1. To set the port to Untagged mode, the port must be in Tagged mode on the desired VLAN.
2. An example of making a bitmap mask is given in the «APPENDIX A. Bitmask calculation method» section.

Access port configuration

MIB: Q-BRIDGE-MIB.mib

Tables used: dot1qVlanStaticEntry — 1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1

dot1qPortVlanEntry — 1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1.2

dot1qFutureVlanPortEntry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.65.1.10.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1.2.{vlan} x {ifindex in the form of bitmask}
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1.4.{vlan} x {ifindex in the form of bitmask}
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.5.1.1.{ifindex} u {vlan}
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.65.1.10.1.2.{ifindex} i 1
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.5.1.2.{ifindex} i 3
```

Example of configuring the GigabitEthernet 0/4 interface to access vlan 10 mode.

CLI command:

```
switchport mode access
switchport acceptable-frame-type untaggedAndPrioritytagged
switchport access vlan 10
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1.2.10 x 100000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1.4.10 x 100000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.5.1.1.4 u 101.3.6.1.4.1.2076.65.1.10.1.2.4 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.5.1.2.4 i 3
```

Selective-qinq rules configuration

MIB: ELTEX-VLAN-TRANSLATION-MIB.mib

Tables used: eltexSqinqPortEntry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.54.1.1.2.1.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.54.1.1.2.1.1.5.{ifindex}.{ingress(1),egress(2)}.{c-vlan}    i
{CreateAndWait(5), Destroy(6), Active(1)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.54.1.1.2.1.1.3.{ifindex}.{ingress(1),   egress(2)}.{c-vlan}    i
{overrideVlan(1), addVlan(2)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.54.1.1.2.1.1.4.{ifindex}.{ingress(1),   egress(2)}.{c-vlan}    i
{s-vlan} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.54.1.1.2.1.1.5.{ifindex}.{ingress(1),   egress(2)}.{c-vlan}    i
{CreateAndWait(5), Destroy(6), Active(1)}
```

Example of adding ingress s-vlan 1000 for ingress c-vlan 127 on GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface

CLI command:

```
interface GigabitEthernet 0/2
  selective-qinq list ingress add-vlan 1000 ingress-vlan 127
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.54.1.1.2.1.1.5.2.1.127 i 5 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.54.1.1.2.1.1.3.2.1.127 i 2 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.54.1.1.2.1.1.4.2.1.127 i 1000 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.54.1.1.2.1.1.5.2.1.127 i 1
```

Example of changing to ingress s-vlan 2000 for ingress c-vlan 129 on GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface**CLI command:**

```
interface GigabitEthernet 0/2
  selective-qinq list ingress override-vlan 2000 ingress-vlan 129
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.54.1.1.2.1.1.5.2.1.129 i 5 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.54.1.1.2.1.1.3.2.1.129 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.54.1.1.2.1.1.4.2.1.129 i 2000 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.54.1.1.2.1.1.5.2.1.129 i 1
```



To delete this setting, set the Destroy(6) parameter in field
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.54.1.1.2.1.1.5.{ifindex}.{ingress(1), egress(2)}.{c-vlan}

Assign Vlan name**MIB:** Q-BRIDGE-MIB.mib**Tables used:** dot1qVlanStaticEntry — 1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1.1.{Vlan} s "vlan name"
```

Example of assigning vlan 10 name**CLI command:**

```
name vlan name
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1.1.10 s "vlan name"
```

View Vlan name**MIB:** Q-BRIDGE-MIB.mib**Tables used:** dot1qVlanStaticEntry — 1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1.1.{Vlan}
```

Example of viewing vlan 10 name**CLI command:**

```
show vlan
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.4.3.1.1.10
```

Deny default VLAN on interface**MIB:** ELTEX-MES-ISS-VLAN-MIB.mib**Tables used:** eltMesIssVlanPortDefaultVlanForbidden — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.3.1.2.1.1.8

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.3.1.2.1.1.8.{ifindex} i {true(1), false(2)}
```

Example of denying the default vlan for GigabitEthernet 0/3

CLI command:

```
interface GigabitEthernet 0/3
switchport forbidden default-vlan
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.3.1.2.1.1.8.3 i 1
```

6.3 L2PT configuartion

Changing destination MAC address

MIB: fsVlnext.mib, ELTEX-MES-ISS-VLAN-TUNNEL-MIB.mib

Tables used: fsVlanTunnelObjects — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.137.2,
eltMesIssVlanTunnelObjects -1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.21.1

LACP:

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.137.2.3.0 x <multicast mac-address>
```

STP:

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.137.2.2.0 x <multicast mac-address>
```

LLDP:

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.137.2.13.0 x <multicast mac-address>
```

ISIS-I1/I2:

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.137.2.18.0 x <multicast mac-address>
```

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.137.2.19.0 x <multicast mac-address>
```

Flow-control:

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.137.2.20.0 x <multicast mac-address>
```

PVST:

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.21.1.1.0 x <multicast mac-address>
```

VTP:

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.21.1.2.0 x <multicast mac-address>
```

OSPF:

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.21.1.3.0 x <multicast mac-address>
```

RIP:

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.21.1.4.0 x <multicast mac-address>
```

Example of destination address change for RIP L2PT protocol

CLI command:

```
rip-tunnel-address 01:aa:aa:aa:aa:aa
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.21.1.4.0 x 01aaaaaaaaaaa
```

Enabling the L2PT for the interface

MIB: fsvlnext.mib, ELTEX-MES-ISS-VLAN-TUNNEL-MIB.mib

Tables used: fsVlanTunnelProtocolTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.137.2.8
 eltMesIssVlanTunnelProtocolTable - 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.21.1.5

LACP:

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community><IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.137.2.8.1.2.<ifindex> i {peer(1) | tunnel(2)}
```

STP:

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community><IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.137.2.8.1.3.<ifindex> i {peer(1) | tunnel(2)}
```

LLDP:

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community><IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.137.2.8.1.10.<ifindex> i {peer(1) | tunnel(2)}
```

ISIS-I1/I2

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community><IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.137.2.8.1.14.<ifindex> i {peer(1) | tunnel(2)}
snmpset -v2c -c <community><IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.137.2.8.1.15.<ifindex> i {peer(1) | tunnel(2)}
```

Flow-control:

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community><IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.137.2.8.1.16.<ifindex> i {peer(1) | tunnel(2)}
```

PVST:

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community><IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.21.1.5.1.1.<ifindex> i {peer(1) | tunnel(2)}
```

VTP:

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community><IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.21.1.5.1.2.<ifindex> i {peer(1) | tunnel(2)}
```

OSPF:

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community><IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.21.1.5.1.3.<ifindex> i {peer(1) | tunnel(2)}
```

RIP:

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community><IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.21.1.5.1.4.<ifindex> i {peer(1) | tunnel(2)}
```

Example of enabling L2PT for the RIP protocol on the gi0/7 interface.

CLI command:

```
interface gi0/7
l2protocol-tunnel rip
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.21.1.5.1.4.7 i 2
```

Example of disabling L2PT for the RIP protocol on the gi0/7 interface.**CLI command:**

```
interface gi0/7
no l2protocol-tunnel rip
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.21.1.5.1.4.7 i 1
```

View L2PT counters**MIB:** fsVlnext.mib, ELTEX-MES-ISS-VLAN-TUNNEL-MIB.mib**Tables used:** fsVlanTunnelProtocolStatsTable— 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.137.2.9

eltMesIssVlanTunnelProtocolStatsTable- 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.21.1.6

Example of viewing L2PT counters**CLI command:**

```
show l2protocol-tunnel
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.137.2.9
snmpwalk -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.21.1.6
```

7 IPV4 ADDRESSING CONFIGURATION

View the indexl3 — vlan compliance

MIB: fscfa.mib

Tables used: ifmainEntry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4.1.21
```

Example of viewing the indexl3 — vlan compliance

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4.1.21
```

Shutdown/no shutdown interface vlan

MIB: fscfa.mib

Tables used: ifmainEntry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4.1.4.{index-13} i {up(1), down(2)}
```

Example of enabling interface vlan

CLI command:

```
no shutdown
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4.1.4.74 i 1
```

Creating interface vlan

MIB: fscfa.mib, IF-MIB

Tables used: ifmainEntry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4.1

ifXEntry — 1.3.6.1.2.1.31.1.1.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4.1.8.{index-13} i {Active(1), CreateAndWait(5),
Destroy(6)} \
1.3.6.1.2.1.31.1.1.1.18.{index-13} s vlan{vid} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4.1.2.{index-13} i 136 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4.1.8.{index-13} i {Active(1), CreateAndWait(5),
Destroy(6)}
```

Example of creating L3 Vlan 10

CLI command:

```
interface vlan 10
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4.1.8.74 i 5 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.31.1.1.1.18.74 s vlan10 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4.1.2.74 i 136 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4.1.8.74 i 1
```

Create IP address on interface vlan:**MIB:** fscfa.mib**Tables used:** ifipentry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.5.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.5.1.2.{index-13} a {ip address (DEC)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.5.1.3.{index-13} a {netmask}
```

Example of setting 192.168.10.30/24 address on vlan 30

CLI command:

```
interface vlan 30
ip address 192.168.10.30 255.255.255.0
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.5.1.2.74 a 192.168.10.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.5.1.3.74 a 255.255.255.0
```

View IP address on interface vlan:**MIB:** fscfa.mib**Tables used:** ifipentry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.5.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.5.1.2
```

Example of setting 192.168.10.30/24 address on vlan 30

CLI command:

```
show ip interfaces
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.5.1.2
```

8 IPV6 ADDRESSING CONFIGURATION

Enable/disable IPv6 addressing on interface vlan

MIB: fsipv6.mib

Tables used: fsipv6IF — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.28.1.2.1.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.28.1.2.1.1.6.{index-13} i {enable(1), disable(2)}
```

Example of enabling IPv6 addressing on vlan interface

CLI command:

```
interface vlan 2
ipv6 enable
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.28.1.2.1.1.6.74 i 1
```

Create IPv6 address on interface vlan:

MIB: fsipv6.mib

Tables used: fsipv6Addr — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.28.1.2.4.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.28.1.2.4.1.4.{index-13}.{ each byte is decimal with
separator}.{prefix} i {Active(1), Create and wait(5), Destroy(6)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.28.1.2.4.1.5.{index-13}.{ each byte is decimal with
separator}.{prefix} i {global unicast(1), anycast(2), linklocal(3)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.28.1.2.4.1.4.{index-13}.{ each byte is decimal with
separator}.{prefix} i {Active(1), Create and wait(5), Destroy(6)}
```

Example of setting address: 2001:db08::100/64 interface vlan

CLI command:

```
ipv6 address 2001:db08::100/64 unicast
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.28.1.2.4.1.4.74.32.1.219.8.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.1.0.64 i 5 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.28.1.2.4.1.5.74.32.1.219.8.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.1.0.64 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.28.1.2.4.1.4.74.32.1.219.8.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.1.0.64 i 1 \
```

9 MULTICAST ADDRESSING

9.1 *Multicast addressing rules*

Multicast-tv vlan (MVR) configuration

MIB: ELTEX-MES-ISS-VLAN-MIB.mib

Tables used: eltMesIssVlanPortTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.3.1.2.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.3.1.2.1.1.6.{ifIndex} u {vlan-id} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.3.1.2.1.1.7.{ifindex} i {tagged(1), untagged(2)}
```

Example of configuring multicast-tv vlan 622 on GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface into tagged mode

CLI command:

```
interface GigabitEthernet 0/2
switchport multicast-tv vlan 622 tagged
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.3.1.2.1.1.6.2 u 622 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.3.1.2.1.1.7.2 i 1
```

10 CONTROL FUNCTIONS

10.1 TACACS+ protocol

Setting the port attribute as a string defined by the user

MIB: ELTEX-MES-ISS-AAA-MIB.mib

Tables used: eltMesIssAaaTacacsAttrPortFormat — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.7.1.1.2.2.1.1.2

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.7.1.1.2.2.1.1.2.{console(1), telnet(2), ssh(3)} s
{строка}
```

Example attribute setting for telnet

CLI command:

```
tacacs attributes port telnet vty%n
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
.1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.7.1.1.2.2.1.1.2.2 s vty%n
```

11 PORT MIRRORING

Port Mirroring configuration

MIB: fsiss.mib

Tables used: issMirror — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3,
issMirrorCtrlExtnTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.6,
issMirrorCtrlExtnSrcTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.7,
issMirrorCtrlExtnDestinationTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.9

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.1.0 i {disable(1), enable(2)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.6.1.6.{session-id} i {Active(1), Create and wait(5),
Destroy(6)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.6.1.2.{session-id} i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.7.1.2.{session-id}.{ifindex-source} i {add(1),
delete(2)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.7.1.3.{session-id}.{ifindex-source} i {rx{1}, tx{2},
both{3}} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.9.1.2.{session-id}.{ifindex-destination} i {add(1),
delete(2)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.6.1.6.{session-id} i {Active(1), Create and wait(5),
Destroy(6)}
```

Example of mirroring traffic from GigabitEthernet 0/5-6 interfaces to an interface

GigabitEthernet 0/10

CLI command:

```
monitor session 2 source interface GigabitEthernet 0/5 both
monitor session 2 source interface GigabitEthernet 0/6 both
monitor session 2 destination interface GigabitEthernet 0/10
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.1.0 i 2 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.6.1.6.2 i 5 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.6.1.2.2 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.7.1.2.2.5 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.7.1.2.2.6 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.7.1.3.2.5 i 3 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.7.1.3.2.6 i 3 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.9.1.2.2.10 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.6.1.6.2 i 1
```



The session-id parameter can be a number in the range 1-4.

VLAN mirroring configuration

MIB: fsiss.mib

Tables used: issMirror — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3,
issMirrorCtrlExtnTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.6,
issMirrorCtrlExtnSrcTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.7,
issMirrorCtrlExtnDestinationTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.9

```

snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.1.0 i {disable(1), enable(2)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.6.1.6.{session-id} i {Active(1), Create and wait(5),
Destroy(6)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.6.1.2.{session-id} i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.6.1.3.{session-id} i {source-vlan(1), destination-
vlan(2), disabled(3)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.6.1.4.{session-id} i {vlan} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.7.1.2.{session-id}.{ifindex-source} i {add(1),
delete(2)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.7.1.3.{session-id}.{ifindex-source} i {rx{1}, tx{2},
both(3)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.9.1.2.{session-id}.{ifindex-destination} i {add(1),
delete(2)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.6.1.6.{session-id} i {Active(1), Create and wait(5),
Destroy(6)}

```

Example of mirroring traffic from GigabitEthernet 0/5 interface to GigabitEthernet 0/10 interface to vlan 100.

CLI command:

```

monitor session 2 source interface GigabitEthernet 0/5 both
monitor session 2 destination interface GigabitEthernet 0/10
monitor session 2 destination remote vlan 100

```

SNMP command:

```

snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.1.0 i 2 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.6.1.6.2 i 5 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.6.1.2.2 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.6.1.3.2 i 2 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.6.1.4.2 i 100 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.7.1.2.2.5 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.7.1.3.2.5 i 3 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.9.1.2.2.10 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.3.6.1.6.2 i 1

```



The session-id parameter can be a number in the range 1-4.

12 PHYSICAL LAYER DIAGNOSTIC FUNCTIONS

12.1 Copper-wire cable diagnostics

Copper-wire cable diagnostics execution

MIB: ELTEX-PHY-MIB.mib

Tables used: rlPhyTestSetTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.2.1.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.2.1.1.1.{ifIndex} i 1
```

Example of running diagnostics on GigabitEthernet port 0/12

CLI command:

```
test cable-diagnostics GigabitEthernet 0/12
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.2.1.1.1.12 i 1
```

Copper cable diagnostics state monitoring

MIB: ELTEX-PHY-MIB.mib

Tables used: eltexPhyTestGetEntry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.2.1.2.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.2.1.2.1.{ifIndex}
```

Example of running diagnostics status view on GigabitEthernet port 0/12.

CLI command:

```
test cable-diagnostics GigabitEthernet 0/12
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.2.1.2.1.12
```



The valid values are:

- 1 — Port is inactive
- 2 — Diagnostics completed successfully
- 3 — Diagnostics not completed
- 4 — Not supported
- 5 — Couldn't run
- 6 — Diagnostics interrupted
- 7 — Diagnostics error

View the date of the copper cable diagnostics

MIB: ELTEX-PHY-MIB.mib

Tables used: eltexPhyTestGetEntry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.2.1.2.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.2.1.2.1.5.{ifIndex}
```

Example of diagnostics date view on GigabitEthernet port 0/12**CLI command:**

test cable-diagnostics GigabitEthernet 0/12

SNMP command:snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.2.1.2.1.5.12**Measuring the length of pairs****MIB:** ELTEX-PHY-MIB.mib**Tables used:** eltexPhyTestGetEntry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.2.1.2.1snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.2.1.2.1.3.{ifindex}.{parameter type}**Example of A pair length view on GigabitEthernet port 0/12****CLI command:**

test cable-diagnostics GigabitEthernet 0/12

SNMP command:snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.2.1.2.1.3.12.17**The following types of parameters are possible:**

- 17 — A pair length**
- 18 — B pair length**
- 19 — C pair length**
- 20 — D pair length**

View short circuit information for pairs**MIB:** ELTEX-PHY-MIB.mib**Tables used:** eltexPhyTestGetEntry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.2.1.2.1snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.2.1.2.1.3.{ifindex}.{parameter type}**Example of viewing an A pair short circuit information for the GigabitEthernet 0/12 port****CLI command:**

test cable-diagnostics GigabitEthernet 0/12

SNMP command:snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.2.1.2.1.3.12.1**Parameter types:**

- 1 — pair A**
- 2 — pair B**
- 3 — pair C**
- 4 — pair D**

The valid values are:

- 0 — No pair short circuit**
- 1 — Pair short circuit**

Viewing information about the break in pairs

MIB: ELTEX-PHY-MIB.mib

Tables used: eltexPhyTestGetEntry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.2.1.2.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.2.1.2.1.3.{ifindex}.{parameter type}
```

Example of viewing an A pair break information for the GigabitEthernet 0/12 port

CLI command:

```
test cable-diagnostics GigabitEthernet 0/12
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.2.1.2.1.3.12.5
```



Parameter types:

- 5 — A pair break
- 6 — B pair break
- 7 — D pair break
- 8 — C pair break

The valid values are:

- 0 — No pair break
- 1 — Pair break

12.2 Optical transceiver diagnostics

DDM readings

MIB: ELTEX-PHY-MIB.mib

Tables used: eltexPhyTransceiverDiagnosticTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.1.3.2

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.1.3.2.1.8.{ifindex}.{parameter type}.1
```

Example of request for temperature reading of the transceiver from GigabitEthernet interface 0/25

CLI command:

```
show fiber-ports optical-transceiver GigabitEthernet 0/25
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.1.3.2.1.8.25.1.1
```



Parameter type can take the following values:

- 1 — SFP transceiver temperature;
- 2 — power voltage in V;
- 3 — power current in mA;
- 4 — power level on transmission in μ W;
- 5 — power level on reception in μ W.

Output the Type connector field**MIB:** ELTEX-PHY-MIB.mib**Tables used:** eltexPhyTransceiverDiagnosticTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.1.3.2

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.1.3.1.1.{ifindex}
```

Example of viewing a transceiver type connector from a GigabitEthernet 0/25 interface**CLI command:**

```
show fiber-ports optical-transceiver GigabitEthernet 0/25
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.1.3.1.1.25
```

**May take the following values:**

- 0 — unknown;**
- 1 — sc;**
- 7 — lc;**
- 11 — optical-pigtail**
- 255 — vendorSpec**

Output of information about the type of transceiver**MIB:** ELTEX-PHY-MIB.mib**Tables used:** eltexPhyTransceiverDiagnosticTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.1.3.2

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.1.3.1.1.2.{ifindex}
```

Example of viewing a transceiver type from a GigabitEthernet 0/25 interface**CLI command:**

```
show fiber-ports optical-transceiver GigabitEthernet 0/25
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.1.3.1.1.2.25
```

**May take the following values:**

- 0 — unknown;**
- 1 — gbic;**
- 2 — sff;**
- 3 — sfp-sfpplus;**
- 255 — vendorSpec**

View fiber diameter**MIB:** ELTEX-PHY-MIB.mib**Tables used:** eltexPhyTransceiverDiagnosticTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.1.3.2

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.1.3.1.1.7.{ifindex}
```

Example of viewing a fiber diameter from a GigabitEthernet 0/25 interface

CLI command:

show fiber-ports optical-transceiver GigabitEthernet 0/25

SNMP command:

snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.1.3.1.1.7.25**May take the following values:**

- 1 — fiber9;
- 2 — fiber50;
- 3 — fiber625;
- 4 — cooper;
- 65535 — unknown;

View transceiver parameters**MIB:** ELTEX-PHY-MIB.mib**Tables used:** eltexPhyTransceiverDiagnosticTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.1.3.2snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.1.3.1.1.{parameter type}.{ifindex}**Example of viewing a transceiver vendor from a GigabitEthernet 0/25 interface**

CLI command:

show fiber-ports optical-transceiver GigabitEthernet 0/25

SNMP command:

snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.52.1.1.3.1.1.5.25**Parameter type can take the following values:**

- 3 — Ethernet standard;
- 4 — Transceiver wave length;
- 5 — Vendor;
- 6 — Serial number;
- 8 — Length in meters;
- 9 — DDM support (True(1), False(2));
- 10 — Inventory number;
- 11 — Revision;

13 POWER OVER ETHERNET (POE)

View PoE power consumption/nominal capacity

MIB: rfc3621.mib

Tables used: pethMainPseEntry - 1.3.6.1.2.1.105.1.3.1.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.105.1.3.1.1.{nominal(2), consumed(4)}.{unit}
```

Example of power consumption view

CLI command:

```
show power detail
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.105.1.3.1.1.4.1
```

Disabling Power over Ethernet on the port

MIB: rfc3621.mib

Tables used: pethPsePortAdminEnable — 1.3.6.1.2.1.105.1.1.1.3

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.105.1.1.1.3.{unit}.{ifindex} i {auto(1), never(2)}
```

Example of disabling Power over Ethernet on the GigabitEthernet 0/2 port

CLI command:

```
interface GigabitEthernet 0/2
power inline never
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.105.1.1.1.3.1.2 i 2
```

14 SECURITY FEATURES

14.1 Port security functions

Trusted port-security configuration

MIB: fscfa.mib

Tables used: ifMainExtTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.12

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.12.1.11.{ifindex} i {untrusted(0), trusted(1)}
```

Example of GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface configuration to the list of trusted

CLI command:

```
port-security-state trusted
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.12.1.11.2 i 1
```

View port-security mode

MIB: fscfa.mib

Tables used: ifMainExtTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.12

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.12.1.11
```

Example of port mode view

CLI command:

```
show interfaces port-security-state
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.12.1.11
```

View port-security state

MIB: fsipdb.mib

Tables used: fsIpDdSrcGuardConfigTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.2.5.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.2.5.1.1.2
```

Example of viewing port-security state

CLI command:

```
show port-security
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.2.5.1.1.2
```

Enable/disable protected port on the interface**MIB:** AricentMIVlan-MIB**Tables used:** fsMIDot1qFutureVlan — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.120.1.3

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.120.1.3.1.6.{ifindex} i {true(1), false(2)}
```

Example of enabling protected port on the GigabitEthernet 0/5 interface**CLI command:**

switchport protected

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.120.1.3.1.6.5 i 1
```

Enable/disable port-isolation on the interface**MIB:** fsiss.mib**Tables used:** issPortIsolationTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.2.3

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.2.3.1.5.{ifindex}.0.{ifindex} i {Createandgo(4),
destroy(6)}
```

Example of enabling port-isolation on the GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface**CLI command:**

```
interface GigabitEthernet 0/2
port-isolation add GigabitEthernet 0/5
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.2.3.1.5.2.0.5 i 4
```

**To delete the setting, you need to set the value to 6.**View MAC table**MIB:** Q-BRIDGE-MIB**Tables used:** dot1qTpFdbTable — 1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.2.2

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.2.2
```

Example**CLI command:**

show mac address-table

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.2.2
```

Create a static bind in arp table

MIB: RFC1213-MIB

Tables used: ipNetToMediaTable — 1.3.6.1.2.1.4.22

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.4.22.1.2.{index-13}.{IP address} x {"MAC address"} \
1.3.6.1.2.1.4.22.1.4.{index-13}.{IP address} i 4
```

Example of binding ip 192.168.1.21 and MAC aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff to vlan 1

CLI command:

```
arp 192.168.1.21 aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff vlan 1
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.4.22.1.2.73.192.168.1.21 x "aabbccddeeff" \
1.3.6.1.2.1.4.22.1.4.73.192.168.1.21 i 4
```



- 1. To remove the binding, assign the value 2 in the field 1.3.6.1.2.1.4.22.1.4.**
- 2. The IP address of the device and the IP address of the created static record in the arp table must be on the same subnet.**

View ARP table

MIB: RFC1213-MIB.mib, Q-BRIDGE-MIB.mib

Tables used: pNetToMediaPhysAddress — 1.3.6.1.2.1.4.22.1.2,
dot1qTpFdbEntry - 1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.2.2.1

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.4.22.1.2.{(2) ip address, (3)MAC address}
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.2.2.1
```

Example of viewing ARP table

CLI command:

```
show arp
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.4.22.1.2
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.17.7.1.2.2.1
```



- 1. The pNetToMediaPhysAddress table value displays the IP address and vlan MAC address.**
- 2. The dot1qTpFdbEntry table value shows the status and the identification number of the port from which the device is available.**

14.2 DHCP control

Enable/disable DHCP/DHCPv6 snooping globally

MIB: fsdhcsnp.mib

Tables used: ifMainTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.3

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.3.1.{dhcpv4(1), dhcpv6(3)} i {enable(1), disabled(2)}
```

Example of enabling DHCPv6 snooping globally

CLI command:

```
ip dhcpv6 snooping
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.3.1.3.0 i 1
```

Enable/disable DHCP/DHCPv6 snooping vlan

MIB: fsdhcsnp.mib

Tables used: ifMainTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.3

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.3.2.1.1.15.{vlan} i {Active(1), Create and wait(5),
Destroy(6)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.3.2.1.1.15.{vlan} i {Active(1), Create and wait(5),
Destroy(6)} \
1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.3.2.1.1.{dhcpv4(2), dhcpv6(16)}.{vlan} i {enable(1),
disable(2)}
```

Example of enabling DHCPv6 snooping on vlan 5

CLI command:

```
vlan 5
ip dhcpv6 snooping
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.3.2.1.1.15.5 i 5 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.3.2.1.1.15.5 i 1 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.3.2.1.1.16.5 i 1
```

Enable/disable IP-source Guard on the interface

MIB: fsipdb.mib

Tables used: fsIpDdSrcGuardConfigTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.2.5.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.2.5.1.1.2.{ifindex} i {disable(1), enable(3)}
```

Example of enabling IP-source Guard on the GigabitEthernet 0/5 interface

CLI command:

```
ip verify source port-security
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.2.5.1.2.5 i 3
```

Enable/disable IP-source Guard to the L2VLAN

MIB: ELTEX-MES-ISS-IPDB-MIB.mib

Tables used: eltMesIssIpDbSrcGuardVlanEntry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.9.1.1.3.1

Enable/disable IP-source Guard to the L2VLAN:

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.9.1.1.3.1.2.{vlan-id} i {1(enable) | 2(disable)}
```

Enable/disable IPv6-source Guard to the L2VLAN:

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.9.1.1.3.1.3.{vlan-id} i {1(enable) | 2(disable)}
```

Example of enabling IP-source Guard in Vlan5

CLI command:

```
ip verify source port-security
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.9.1.1.3.1.2.5 i 1
```

Enable/disable ARP Inspection

MIB: fsipdb.mib

Tables used: fsIpArpInspect — 1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.2.6

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.2.6.1.0 i {enable(1), disable(2)}
```

Example of enabling ARP Inspection

CLI command:

```
ip arp inspection enable
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.29601.2.2.6.1.0 i 1
```

Uplink/downlink port role configuration

MIB: fscfa.mib

Tables used: ifMainTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4.1.15.{ifindex} i {uplink(1), downlink(2)}
```

Example of configuring GigabitEthernet 0/2 as uplink

CLI command:

```
set port-role uplink
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4.1.15.2 i 1
```

Uplink/downlink port role view**MIB:** fscfa.mib**Tables used:** ifMainTable — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4.1.15
```

Example of port role view**CLI command:**

```
show interfaces port-role
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.27.1.4.1.15
```

14.3 Port based client authentication (802.1x)**Enable 802.1X switch authentication mode****MIB:** dot1xPaeSystem.mib**Tables used:** dot1xPaeSystemAuthControl — 1.0.8802.1.1.1.1.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.0.8802.1.1.1.1.1.0 i {enabled(1), disabled(2)}
```

Example of enabling 802.1x**CLI command:**

```
dot1x system-auth-control
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.0.8802.1.1.1.1.1.1.0 i 1
```

Enable periodic re-authentication of the client**MIB:** draft-ietf-bridge-8021x.mib**Tables used:** dot1xAuthReAuthEnabled — 1.0.8802.1.1.1.2.1.1.13

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.0.8802.1.1.1.2.1.1.13.{ifIndex} i {true(1), false(2)}
```

Example of enabling periodic re-authentication of the client on the GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface**CLI command:**

```
interface GigabitEthernet 0/2
dot1x reauthentication
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.0.8802.1.1.1.2.1.1.13.2 i 1
```

Period between re-authentications configuration

MIB: draft-ietf-bridge-8021x.mib

Tables used: dot1xAuthConfigTable — 1.0.8802.1.1.1.2.1.1.12

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.0.8802.1.1.1.2.1.1.12.{ifIndex} u {size 300-4294967295}
```

Example of setting a period of 300 seconds between re-authentications on GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface

CLI command:

```
interface GigabitEthernet 0/2
dot1x timeout reauth-period 300
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.0.8802.1.1.1.2.1.1.12.2 u 300
```

Configuration of 802.1X authentication modes on the interface

MIB: draft-ietf-bridge-8021x.mib

Tables used: dot1xAuthConfigTable — 1.0.8802.1.1.1.2.1.1.6

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.0.8802.1.1.1.2.1.1.6.{ifIndex} i {force-Unauthorized(1), auto(2), force-
Authorized(3)}
```

Example of 802.1X authentication modes configuration on the GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface

CLI command:

```
interface GigabitEthernet 0/2
dot1x port-control auto
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.0.8802.1.1.1.2.1.1.6.50 i 2
```

14.4 Broadcast storm control (storm-control)

Broadcast traffic restriction units configuration

MIB: ELTEX-MES-ISS-ACL-MIB.mib

Tables used: eltMesIssAclRateControl — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.1.4

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.1.4.2.0 i {pps(1), kbps(2)}
```

Example of enabling broadcast traffic measurement in kbps mode

CLI command:

```
storm-control mode kbps
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.1.4.2.0 i 2
```

Traffic restriction configuration in kbps**MIB:** ELTEX-MES-ISS-ACL-MIB.mib**Tables used:** eltMesIssAclRateCtrlEntry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.1.4.1.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.1.4.1.1.{unknown}      unicast(1),      broadcast(2),
multicast(3)}.{ifindex} i {0-4194272}
```

Example of setting a limit of multicast traffic to 16kbps on GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface.**CLI command:**

```
interface GigabitEthernet 0/2
storm-control multicast level kbps 16
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.1.4.1.1.3.2 i 16
```

**It is possible to limit the traffic in 16kbps steps.**Traffic restriction configuration in pps**MIB:** ELTEX-MES-ISS-ACL-MIB.mib**Tables used:** eltMesIssAclRateCtrlEntry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.1.4.1.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.1.4.1.1.{unknown}      unicast(4),      broadcast(5),
multicast(6)}.{ifindex} i {0-262142}
```

Example of setting a limit of multicast traffic to 1pps on GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface**CLI command:**

```
interface GigabitEthernet 0/2
storm-control multicast level pps 1
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.1.4.1.1.6.2 i 1
```

Configuration of actions when traffic limits are exceeded**MIB:** ELTEX-MES-ISS-ACL-MIB.mib**Tables used:** eltMesIssAclRateCtrlEntry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.1.4.1.1

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.1.4.1.1.{unknown}      unicast(8),      broadcast(9),
multicast(10)}.{ifindex} i {none(0), trap(1), shutdown(3)}
```

Example of configuring the action when exceeding to the limit of multicast traffic on GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface**CLI command:**

```
interface GigabitEthernet 0/2
storm-control multicast action shutdown
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.1.4.1.1.10.2 i 3
```

15 QUALITY OF SERVICE – QOS

15.1 *QoS configuration*

Configuration of outgoing traffic rate limitation on Ethernet ports

MIB: eltMesIssAclRateCtrlIgrBandwidth.mib

Tables used: issExtRateCtrlEntry — 1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.8.1.1.1.5

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.8.1.1.1.5.{ifindex} i {limiter value}
```

Example of configuring limit for outgoing traffic speed of 100 Mbit/s on the GigabitInterface0/23 interface.

CLI command:

```
rate-limit output 100000
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.2076.81.8.1.1.5.23 i 100000
```

Configuration of incoming traffic rate limitation on Ethernet ports

MIB: eltMesIssAclRateCtrlIgrBandwidth.mib

Tables used: eltMesIssAclRateCtrlEntry - 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.1.4.1.1.7

```
snmpset -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.1.4.1.1.7.{ifindex} i {limiter value}
```

Example of configuring limit for incoming traffic speed of 100 Mbit/s on the GigabitInterface0/23 interface.

CLI command:

```
rate-limit input 100000
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpset -v2c -c private 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.4.1.35265.1.139.1.4.1.1.7.23 i 100000
```

16 ROUTING

16.1 *Static Routing*

[View Routing table](#)

MIB: IP-FORWARD-MIB

Tables used: ipCidrRouteTable — 1.3.6.1.2.1.4.24.4

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c <community> <IP address> \
1.3.6.1.2.1.4.24.4
```

Example

CLI command:

```
show ip route
```

SNMP command:

```
snmpwalk -v2c -c public 192.168.1.30 \
1.3.6.1.2.1.4.24.4
```

APPENDIX A. BITMASK CALCULATION METHOD

Bitmasks consist of 128 bytes (hexadecimal bits only 256).

Each digit represents four ports. The required field shall be determined by the port number.

Example 1

Record a bitmask for GigabitEthernet interfaces 0/20-21:

- for 1G interfaces ifIndex starts with 1;
- for GigabitEthernet port 0/20 ifIndex is 20, for GigabitEthernet 0/21 is 21.

Determination of the digit number:

$20/4=5$ $21/4=5,2$ (Each bit is responsible for 4 ifIndex. When dividing ifindex by 4 to determine the digit number for a record, the resulting value is rounded up).

If we need GigabitEthernet ports 0/20-21 (ifindex 20, 21), they should be recorded in the 5th and 6th fields.

In binary sequence 5 field will be recorded as follows 0001 (Last 1 — 20 index). After transfer to HEX, we get 1.

In binary sequence 6, the field will be recorded as follows 1000 (First 1 — 21 indices). After transfer to HEX, we get 8.

Total in the bit mask will be 4 zeros, 1, 8: 000018.

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